INSTALLATION, OPERATION, AND MAINTENANCE MANUAL

WITH PARTS LIST



10 SERIES PUMPS

MODEL 16A2-4239D

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INTRODUCTION

This Installation, Operation, and Maintenance manual is designed to help you achieve the best performance and longest life from your Gorman-Rupp pump.

This pump is a 10 Series, semi-open impeller, self-priming centrifugal model with a suction check

valve. The pump is powered by a John Deere engine, model 4239D. The pump is designed for handling dirty water containing specified entrained solids. The basic material of construction for wetted parts is gray iron, with ductile iron impeller and steel wearing parts.

If there are any questions regarding the pump or its application which are not covered in this manual or in other literature accompanying this unit, please contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor, or write:

The Gorman-Rupp Company P.O. Box 1217 Mansfield, Ohio 44901-1217 Gorman-Rupp of Canada Limited 70 Burwell Road St. Thomas, Ontario N5P 3R7

For information or technical assistance on the engine, contact the engine manufacturer's local dealer or representative.

The following are used to alert maintenance personnel to procedures which require special attention, to those which could damage equipment, and to those which could be dangerous to personnel:

NOTE

Instructions to aid in installation, operation, and maintenance or which clarify a procedure.



INSTRUCTIONS WHICH MUST BE FOLLOWED TO AVOID CAUSING DAMAGE TO THE PRODUCT OR OTHER EQUIPMENT INCIDENTAL TO THE INSTALLATION. THESE INSTRUCTIONS DESCRIBE THE REQUIREMENTS AND THE POSSIBLE DAMAGE WHICH COULD RESULT FROM FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE PROCEDURES.



THESE INSTRUCTIONS MUST BE FOLLOWED TO AVOID CAUSING INJURY OR DEATH TO PERSONNEL, AND DESCRIBE THE PROCEDURE REQUIRED AND THE INJURY WHICH COULD RESULT FROM FAILURE TO FOLLOW THE PROCEDURE.

INTRODUCTION PAGE I – 1

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WARNINGS - SECTION A

THESE WARNINGS APPLY TO 10 SERIES ENGINE DRIVEN PUMPS. REFER TO THE MANUAL ACCOMPANYING THE ENGINE BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO BEGIN OPERATION.

SEMBLY ONLY. SUCTION AND DISCHARGE HOSES AND PIPING MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE PUMP BEFORE LIFTING.



BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO OPEN OR SERVICE THE PUMP:

- 1. FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH THIS MANUAL.
- 2. SWITCH OFF THE ENGINE IGNITION AND REMOVE THE KEY TO ENSURE THAT THE PUMP WILL REMAIN INOPERATIVE.
- 3. ALLOW THE PUMP TO COOL IF OVER-HEATED.
- 4. CHECK THE TEMPERATURE BEFORE OPENING ANY COVERS, PLATES, OR PLUGS.
- 5. CLOSE THE SUCTION AND DISCHARGE VALVES.
- 6. VENT THE PUMP SLOWLY AND CAU-TIOUSLY.
- 7. DRAIN THE PUMP.



THIS PUMP IS DESIGNED TO HANDLE DIRTY WATER CONTAINING SPECIFIED ENTRAINED SOLIDS. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO PUMP VOLATILE, CORROSIVE, OR FLAMMABLE MATERIALS, OR ANY LIQUIDS WHICH MAY DAMAGE THE PUMP OR ENDANGER PERSONNEL AS A RESULT OF PUMP FAILURE.



USE LIFTING AND MOVING EQUIPMENT IN GOOD REPAIR AND WITH ADEQUATE CAPACITY TO PREVENT INJURIES TO PERSONNEL OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT. THE BAIL IS INTENDED FOR USE IN LIFTING THE PUMP AS-



AFTER THE PUMP HAS BEEN POSITIONED, MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE PUMP AND ALL PIPING OR HOSE CONNECTIONS ARE TIGHT, PROPERLY SUPPORTED AND SECURE BEFORE OPERATION.



DO NOT OPERATE THE PUMP AGAINST A CLOSED DISCHARGE VALVE FOR LONG PERIODS OF TIME. IF OPERATED AGAINST A CLOSED DISCHARGE VALVE, PUMP COMPONENTS WILL DETERIORATE, AND THE LIQUID COULD COME TO A BOIL, BUILD PRESSURE, AND CAUSE THE PUMP CASING TO RUPTURE OR EXPLODE.



DO NOT REMOVE PLATES, COVERS, GAUGES, PIPE PLUGS, OR FITTINGS FROM AN OVER-HEATED PUMP. VAPOR PRESSURE WITHIN THE PUMP CAN CAUSE PARTS BEING DISENGAGED TO BE EJECTED WITH GREAT FORCE. ALLOW THE PUMP TO COOL BEFORE SERVICING.

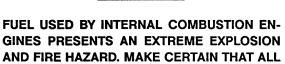


DO NOT OPERATE AN INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINE IN AN EXPLOSIVE ATMOSPHERE. WHEN OPERATING INTERNAL COMBUSTION ENGINES IN AN ENCLOSED AREA, MAKE CERTAIN THAT EXHAUST FUMES ARE PIPED TO THE OUTSIDE. THESE FUMES CONTAIN CAR-

WARNINGS PAGE A – 1

BON MONOXIDE, A DEADLY GAS THAT IS COL-ORLESS, TASTELESS, AND ODORLESS. FUEL TANK. ALWAYS USE THE CORRECT TYPE OF FUEL.





FUEL LINES ARE SECURELY CONNECTED AND

FREE OF LEAKS. NEVER REFUEL A HOT OR

RUNNING ENGINE. AVOID OVERFILLING THE



NEVER TAMPER WITH THE GOVERNOR TO GAIN MORE POWER. THE GOVERNOR ESTABLISHES SAFE OPERATING LIMITS THAT SHOULD NOT BE EXCEEDED. THE MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS OPERATING SPEED FOR THIS PUMP IS 2200 RPM.

PAGE A - 2 WARNINGS

INSTALLATION - SECTION B

Review all WARNINGS in Section A.

Since pump installations are seldom identical, this section offers only general recommendations and practices required to inspect, position, and arrange the pump and piping.

Most of the information pertains to a standard **static lift** application where the pump is positioned above the free level of liquid to be pumped.

If installed in a **flooded suction application** where the liquid is supplied to the pump under pressure, some of the information such as mounting, line configuration, and priming must be tailored to the specific application. Since this pump is equipped with a Gorman-Rupp double grease lubricated seal, **be sure** to limit the incoming pressure to 10 p.s.i.. Greater pressure will cause the seal to collapse.

For further assistance, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the Gorman-Rupp Company.

Pump Dimensions

See Figure 1 for the approximate physical dimensions of this pump.

OUTLINE DRAWING

* 18.00 REQUIRED FOR REMOVAL [457,2] OF BACK COVER PLATE

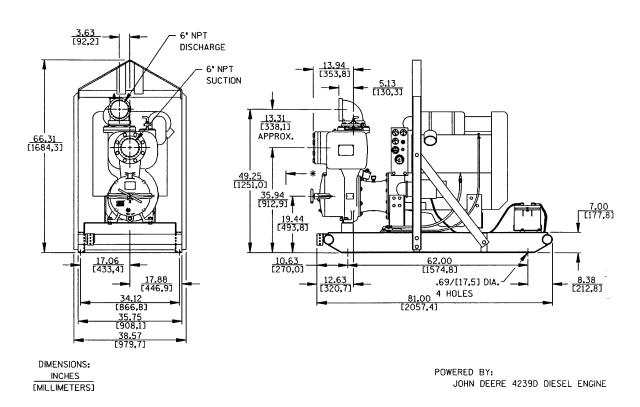


Figure 1. Pump Model 16A2-4239D

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 1

PREINSTALLATION INSPECTION

The pump assembly was inspected and tested before shipment from the factory. Before installation, inspect the pump for damage which may have occurred during shipment. Check as follows:

- a. Inspect the pump for cracks, dents, damaged threads, and other obvious damage.
- b. Check for and tighten loose attaching hardware. Since gaskets tend to shrink after drying, check for loose hardware at mating surfaces.
- c. Carefully read all tags, decals, and markings on the pump assembly, and follow the instructions indicated.
- d. Check levels and lubricate as necessary. Refer to LUBRICATION in the MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR section of this manual and perform duties as instructed.
- e. If the pump and engine have been stored for more than 12 months, some of the components or lubricants may have exceeded their maximum shelf life. These must be inspected or replaced to ensure maximum pump service.

If the maximum shelf life has been exceeded, or if anything appears to be abnormal, contact your Gorman-Rupp distributor or the factory to determine the repair or updating policy. **Do not** put the pump into service until appropriate action has been taken.

Battery Specifications And Installation

Unless otherwise specified on the pump order, the engine battery was **not** included with the unit. Refer to the following specifications when selecting a battery.

Table 1. Battery Specifications

Voltage	Cold Crank Amps @ 0° F	Reserve Capacity @ 80° F (Minutes)	Amp/ Hr. Rating	Approx. Overall Dims. (Inches)
12 Volts	960-975	365	175	20.5L X 8.75W X 9.75H

Refer to the information accompanying the battery and/or electrolyte solution for activation and charging insructions.

Before installing the battery, clean the positive and negative cable connectors, and the battery terminals. Secure the battery by tightening the holddown brackets. The terminals and clamps may be coated with petroleum jelly to retard corrosion. Connect and tighten the positive cable first, then the negative cable.

POSITIONING PUMP



USE LIFTING AND MOVING EQUIPMENT IN GOOD REPAIR AND WITH ADEQUATE CAPACITY TO PREVENT INJURIES TO PERSONNEL OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT. THE BAIL IS INTENDED FOR USE IN LIFTING THE PUMP ASSEMBLY ONLY. SUCTION AND DISCHARGE HOSES AND PIPING MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE PUMP BEFORE LIFTING.

Lifting

Use lifting equipment with a capacity of at least 11,000 pounds. This pump weighs approximately 2,182 pounds, not including the weight of accessories and base. Customer installed equipment such as suction and discharge piping must be removed before attempting to lift.



THE PUMP ASSEMBLY CAN BE SERIOUSLY DAMAGED IF THE CABLES OR CHAINS USED TO LIFT AND MOVE THE UNIT ARE IMPROPERLY WRAPPED AROUND THE PUMP.

Mounting

Locate the pump in an accessible place as close as practical to the liquid being pumped. Level mounting is essential for proper operation.

If the pump has been mounted on a movable base, make certain the base is stationary by setting the

brake and blocking the wheels before attempting to operate the pump.

To ensure sufficient lubrication and fuel supply to the engine, **do not** position the pump and engine more than 15° off horizontal for continuous operation. The pump and engine may be positioned up to 30° off horizontal for **Intermittent operation only**; however, the engine manufacturer should be consulted for continuous operation at angles greater than 15°.

SUCTION AND DISCHARGE PIPING

Pump performance is adversely effected by increased suction lift, discharge elevation, and friction losses. See the performance curve and operating range shown on Page E-1 to be sure your overall application allows pump to operate within the safe operation range.

Materials

Either pipe or hose maybe used for suction and discharge lines; however, the materials must be compatible with the liquid being pumped. If hose is used in suction lines, it must be the rigid-wall, reinforced type to prevent collapse under suction. Using piping couplings in suction lines is not recommended.

Line Configuration

Keep suction and discharge lines as straight as possible to minimize friction losses. Make minimum use of elbows and fittings, which substantially increase friction loss. If elbows are necessary, use the long-radius type to minimize friction loss.

Connections to Pump

Before tightening a connecting flange, align it exactly with the pump port. Never pull a pipe line into place by tightening the flange bolts and/or couplings.

Lines near the pump must be independently supported to avoid strain on the pump which could cause excessive vibration, decreased bearing life, and increased shaft and seal wear. If hose-type lines are used, they should have adequate support to secure them when filled with liquid and under pressure.

Gauges

Most pumps are drilled and tapped for installing discharge pressure and vacuum suction gauges. If these gauges are desired for pumps that are not tapped, drill and tap the suction and discharge lines not less than 18 inches from the suction and discharge ports and install the lines. Installation closer to the pump may result in erratic readings.

SUCTION LINES

To avoid air pockets which could affect pump priming, the suction line must be as short and direct as possible. When operation involves a suction lift, the line must always slope upward to the pump from the source of the liquid being pumped; if the line slopes down to the pump at any point along the suction run, air pockets will be created.

Fittings

Suction lines should be the same size as the pump inlet. If reducers are used in suction lines, they should be the eccentric type, and should be installed with the flat part of the reducers uppermost to avoid creating air pockets. Valves are not normally used in suction lines, but if a valve is used, install it with the stem horizontal to avoid air pockets.

Strainers

If a strainer is furnished with the pump, be certain to use it; any spherical solids which pass through a strainer furnished with the pump will also pass through the pump itself.

If a strainer is not furnished with the pump, but is installed by the pump user, make certain that the total area of the openings in the strainer is at least three or four times the cross section of the suction line, and that the openings will not permit passage of solids larger than the solids handling capability of the pump.

This pump is designed to handle up to 2-1/2 inch diameter spherical solids.

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 3

Sealing

Since even a slight leak will affect priming, head, and capacity, especially when operating with a high suction lift, all connections in the suction line should be sealed with pipe dope to ensure an airtight seal. Follow the sealant manufacturer's recommendations when selecting and applying the pipe dope. The pipe dope should be compatible with the liquid being pumped.

Suction Lines In Sumps

If a single suction line is installed in a sump, it should be positioned away from the wall of the sump at a distance equal to 1 1/2 times the diameter of the suction line.

If there is a liquid flow from an open pipe into the sump, the flow should be kept away from the suction inlet because the inflow will carry air down into the sump, and air entering the suction line will reduce pump efficiency.

If it is necessary to position inflow close to the suction inlet, install a baffle between the inflow and the suction inlet at a distance 1 1/2 times the diameter of

the suction pipe. The baffle will allow entrained air to escape from the liquid before it is drawn into the suction inlet.

If two suction lines are installed in a single sump, the flow paths may interact, reducing the efficiency of one or both pumps. To avoid this, position the suction inlets so that they are separated by a distance equal to at least 3 times the diameter of the suction pipe.

Suction Line Positioning

The depth of submergence of the suction line is critical to efficient pump operation. Figure 2 shows recommended minimum submergence vs. velocity.

NOTE

The pipe submergence required may be reduced by installing a standard pipe increaser fitting at the end of the suction line. The larger opening size will reduce the inlet velocity. Calculate the required submergence using the following formula based on the increased opening size (area or diameter).

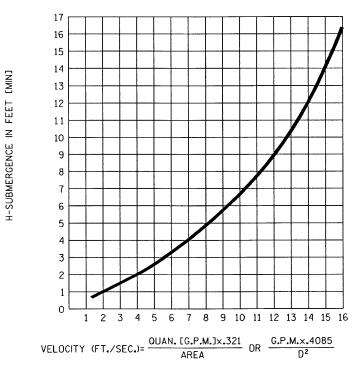


Figure 2. Recommended Minimum Suction Line Submergence vs. Velocity

PAGE B – 4 INSTALLATION

DISCHARGE LINES



Siphoning

Do not terminate the discharge line at a level lower than that of the liquid being pumped unless a siphon breaker is used in the line. Otherwise, a siphoning action causing damage to the pump could result.

Valves

If a throttling valve is desired in the discharge line, use a valve as large as the largest pipe to minimize friction losses. Never install a throttling valve in a suction line.

With high discharge heads, it is recommended that a throttling valve and a system check valve be installed in the discharge line to protect the pump from excessive shock pressure and reverse rotation when it is stopped.

IF THE APPLICATION INVOLVES A HIGH DISCHARGE HEAD, GRADUALLY CLOSE THE DISCHARGE THROTTLING VALVE BEFORE STOPPING THE PUMP.

Bypass Lines

If a system check valve is used due to high discharge head, it may be necessary to vent trapped air from the top of the pump during the priming process. This may be accomplished by installing a bypass line from the top of the pump, back to the source of liquid. The end of the bypass line must be submerged. The line must be large enough to prevent clogging, but not so large as to affect pump discharge capacity.

ALIGNMENT

The alignment of the pump and the engine is critical for trouble-free mechanical operation. See Section E, Securing Intermediate And Drive Assembly To Engine for detailed information.

INSTALLATION PAGE B – 5

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OPERATION - SECTION C

Review all warnings in Section A.

Follow the instructions on all tags, labels and decals attached to the pump.



THIS PUMP IS DESIGNED TO HANDLE DIRTY WATER CONTAINING SPECIFIED ENTRAINED SOLIDS. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO PUMP VOLATILE, CORROSIVE, OR FLAMMABLE MATERIALS, OR ANY LIQUIDS WHICH MAY DAMAGE THE PUMP OR ENDANGER PERSONNEL AS A RESULT OF PUMP FAILURE.



NEVER TAMPER WITH THE GOVERNOR TO GAIN MORE POWER. THE GOVERNOR ESTABLISHES SAFE OPERATING LIMITS THAT SHOULD NOT BE EXCEEDED. THE MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS OPERATING SPEED FOR THIS PUMP IS 2200 RPM.

PRIMING

Install the pump and piping as described in INSTAL-LATION. Make sure that the piping connections are tight, and that the pump is securely mounted. Check that the pump is properly lubricated (see LUBRICA-TION in MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR).

This pump is self-priming, but the pump should never be operated unless there is liquid in the pump casing.



NEVER OPERATE THIS PUMP UNLESS THERE IS LIQUID IN THE PUMP CASING. THE PUMP WILL NOT PRIME WHEN DRY. EXTENDED OPERATION OF A DRY PUMP WILL DESTROY THE SEAL ASSEMBLY.

Add liquid to the pump casing when:

- The pump is being put into service for the first time
- 2. The pump has not been used for a considerable length of time.
- The liquid in the pump casing has evaporated.



AFTER FILLING THE PUMP CASING, REINSTALL AND TIGHTEN THE FILL PLUG. DO NOT ATTEMPT TO OPERATE THE PUMP UNLESS ALL CONNECTING PIPING IS SECURELY INSTALLED. OTHERWISE, LIQUID IN THE PUMP FORCED OUT UNDER PRESSURE COULD CAUSE INJURY TO PERSONNEL.

To fill the pump, remove the pump casing fill cover or fill plug in the top of the casing, and add clean liquid until the casing is filled. Replace the fill cover or fill plug before operating the pump.

NOTE

This pump is self-priming; however, it is **not** suited for unattended reprime applications. In the event of suction check valve failure and loss of prime, the pump casing **must** be refilled through the fill cover or fill plug.

OPERATION PAGE C – 1

STARTING

Consult the operations manual furnished with the engine.

OPERATION

Lines With a Bypass

Close the discharge throttling valve (if so equipped) so that the pump will not have to prime against the weight of the liquid in the discharge line. Air from the suction line will be discharged through the bypass line back to the wet well during the priming cycle. When the pump is fully primed and liquid is flowing steadily from the bypass line, open the discharge throttling valve. Liquid will then continue to circulate through the bypass line while the pump is in operation.

Lines Without a Bypass

Open all valves in the discharge line and start the engine. Priming is indicated by a positive reading on the discharge pressure gauge or by a quieter operation. The pump may not prime immediately because the suction line must first fill with liquid. If the pump fails to prime within five minutes, stop it and check the suction line for leaks.

After the pump has been primed, partially close the discharge line throttling valve in order to fill the line slowly and guard against excessive shock pressure which could damage pipe ends, gaskets, sprinkler heads, and any other fixtures connected to the line. When the discharge line is completely filled, adjust the throttling valve to the required flow rate.

Leakage

No leakage should be visible at pump mating surfaces, or at pump connections or fittings. Keep all line connections and fittings tight to maintain maximum pump efficiency.

Liquid Temperature And Overheating

The **maximum** liquid temperature for this pump is 110°F (43,3°C). Do not apply it at a higher operating temperature.

Overheating can occur if operated with the valves in the suction or discharge lines closed. Operating against closed valves could bring the liquid to a boil, build pressure, and cause the pump to rupture or explode. If overheating occurs, stop the pump and allow it to cool before servicing it. Refill the pump casing with cool liquid.



ALLOW AN OVER-HEATED PUMP TO COOL BEFORE SERVICING. DO NOT REMOVE PLATES, COVERS, GAUGES, OR FITTINGS FROM AN OVER-HEATED PUMP. LIQUID WITHIN THE PUMP CAN REACH BOILING TEMPERATURES, AND VAPOR PRESSURE WITHIN THE PUMP CAN CAUSE PARTS BEING DISENGAGED TO BE EJECTED WITH GREAT FORCE. AFTER THE PUMP COOLS, DRAIN THE LIQUID FROM THE PUMP BY REMOVING THE CASING DRAIN PLUG. USE CAUTION WHEN REMOVING THE PLUG TO PREVENT INJURY TO PERSONNEL FROM HOT LIQUID.

Strainer Check

If a suction strainer has been shipped with the pump or installed by the user, check the strainer regularly, and clean it as necessary. The strainer should also be checked if pump flow rate begins to drop. If a vacuum suction gauge has been installed, monitor and record the readings regularly to detect strainer blockage.

Never introduce air or steam pressure into the pump casing or piping to remove a blockage. This could result in personal injury or damage to the equipment. If backflushing is absolutely necessary, liquid pressure **must** be limited to 50% of the maximum permissible operating pressure shown on the pump performance curve.

Pump Vacuum Check

With the pump inoperative, install a vacuum gauge in the system, using pipe dope on the threads. Block

PAGE C – 2 OPERATION

the suction line and start the pump. At operating speed the pump should pull a vacuum of 20 inches or more of mercury. If it does not, check for air leaks in the seal, gasket, or discharge valve.

Open the suction line, and read the vacuum gauge with the pump primed and at operation speed. Shut off the pump. The vacuum gauge reading will immediately drop proportionate to static suction lift, and should then stabilize. If the vacuum reading falls off rapidly after stabilization, an air leak exists. Before checking for the source of the leak, check the point of installation of the vacuum gauge.

ids by flushing with a hose. Operate the pump for approximately one minute; this will remove any remaining liquid that could freeze the pump rotating parts. If the pump will be idle for more than a few hours, or if it has been pumping liquids containing a large amount of solids, drain the pump, and flush it thoroughly with clean water. To prevent large solids from clogging the drain port and preventing the pump from completely draining, insert a rod or stiff wire in the drain port, and agitate the liquid during the draining process. Clean out any remaining solids by flushing with a hose.

STOPPING

Never halt the flow of liquid suddenly. If the liquid being pumped is stopped abruptly, damaging shock waves can be transmitted to the pump and piping system. Close all connecting valves slowly.

On engine driven pumps, reduce the throttle speed slowly and allow the engine to idle briefly before stopping.



IF THE APPLICATION INVOLVES A HIGH DISCHARGE HEAD, GRADUALLY CLOSE THE DISCHARGE THROTTLING VALVE BEFORE STOPPING THE PUMP.

After stopping the pump, switch off the engine ignition and remove the key to ensure that the pump will remain inoperative.

Cold Weather Preservation

In below freezing conditions, drain the pump to prevent damage from freezing. Also, clean out any sol-

BEARING TEMPERATURE CHECK

Bearings normally run at higher than ambient temperatures because of heat generated by friction. Temperatures up to 160°F are considered normal for bearings, and they can operate safely to at least 180°F.

Checking bearing temperatures by hand is inaccurate. Bearing temperatures can be measured accurately by placing a contact-type thermometer against the housing. Record this temperature for future reference.

A sudden increase in bearing temperature is a warning that the bearings are at the point of failing to operate properly. Make certain that the bearing lubricant is of the proper viscosity and at the correct level (see LUBRICATION in MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR). Bearing overheating can also be caused by shaft misalignment and/or excessive vibration.

When pumps are first started, the bearings may seem to run at temperatures above normal. Continued operation should bring the temperatures down to normal levels.

OPERATION PAGE C - 3

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TROUBLESHOOTING - SECTION D

Review all WARNINGS in Section A.



BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO OPEN OR SERVICE THE PUMP:

- 1. FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH THIS MANUAL.
- 2. SWITCH OFF THE ENGINE IGNITION AND REMOVE THE KEY TO ENSURE THAT THE PUMP WILL REMAIN INOPERATIVE.
- 3. ALLOW THE PUMP TO COOL IF OVERHEATED.
- 4. CHECK THE TEMPERATURE BEFORE OPENING ANY COVERS, PLATES, OR PLUGS.
- 5. CLOSE THE SUCTION AND DISCHARGE VALVES.
- 6. VENT THE PUMP SLOWLY AND CAUTIOUSLY.
- 7. DRAIN THE PUMP.

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP FAILS TO PRIME	Not enough liquid in casing.	Add liquid to casing. See PRIMING.
	Suction check valve contaminated or damaged.	Clean or replace check valve.
	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.
	Lining of suction hose collapsed.	Replace suction hose.
	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leaking or worn seal or gasket.
	Suction lift or discharge head too high.	Check piping installation and install bypass line if needed. See INSTALLATION.
	Strainer clogged.	Check strainer and clean if necessary.
	Suction check valve or foot valve clogged or binding.	Clean valve
PUMP STOPS OR	Air leak in suction line.	Correct leak.
FAILS TO DELIVER RATED FLOW OR	Lining of suction hose collapsed.	Replace suction hose.
PRESSURE	Leaking or worn seal or pump gasket.	Check pump vacuum. Replace leaking or worn seal or gasket.
	Strainer clogged.	Check strainer and clean if necessary.

TROUBLESHOOTING PAGE D - 1

TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY
PUMP STOPS OR FAILS TO DELIVER RATED FLOW OR	Suction intake not submerged at proper level or sump too small.	Check installation and correct sub- mergence as needed.
PRESSURE (cont.)	Impeller or other wearing parts worn or damaged.	Replace worn or damaged parts. Check that impeller is properly centered and rotates freely.
	Impeller clogged.	Free impeller of debris.
	Pump speed too slow.	Check engine output; consult engine operation manual.
	Suction lift or discharge head too high.	Check piping installation and install bypass line if needed. See INSTALLATION.
PUMP REQUIRES	Pump speed too high.	Check engine output.
TOO MUCH POWER	Discharge head too low.	Adjust discharge valve.
	Liquid solution too thick.	Dilute if possible.
	Bearing(s) frozen.	Disassemble pump and check bearing(s).
PUMP	Liquid solution too thick.	Dilute if possible.
CLOGS FRE- QUENTLY	Discharge flow too slow.	Open discharge valve fully to increase flow rate, and run power source at maximum governed speed.
	Suction check valve or foot valve clogged or binding.	Clean valve.
EXCESSIVE NOISE	Cavitation in pump.	Reduce suction lift and/or friction losses in suction line. Record vacuum and pressure gauge readings and consult local representative or factory.
	Pumping entrained air.	Locate and eliminate source of air bubble.
	Pump or drive not securely mounted.	Secure mounting hardware.
	Impeller clogged or damaged.	Clean out debris; replace damaged parts.

PAGE D - 2 TROUBLESHOOTING

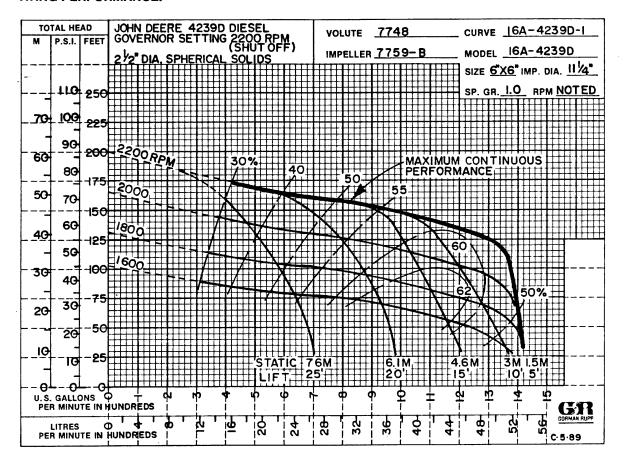
TROUBLE	POSSIBLE CAUSE	PROBABLE REMEDY		
BEARINGS RUN TOO HOT	Bearing temperature is high, but within limits.	Check bearing temperature regularly to monitor any increase.		
	Low or incorrect lubricant.	Check for proper type and level of lubricant.		
	Suction and discharge lines not properly supported.	Check piping installation for proper support.		
	Drive misaligned.	Align drive properly.		

TROUBLESHOOTING PAGE D - 3

OM-03338-01

PUMP MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR - SECTION E

MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR OF THE WEARING PARTS OF THE PUMP WILL MAINTAIN PEAK OPERATING PERFORMANCE.



* STANDARD PERFORMANCE FOR PUMP MODEL 16A2-4239D

* Based on 70° F (21 ° C) clear water at sea level with minimum suction lift. Since pump installations are seldom identical, your performance may be difference due to such factors as viscosity, specific gravity, elevation, temperature, and impeller trim.

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model.

Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify performance or part numbers.



PUMP SPEED AND OPERATING CONDITION POINTS MUST BE WITHIN THE CONTINUOUS PERFORMANCE RANGE SHOWN ON THE CURVE.

SECTION DRAWING

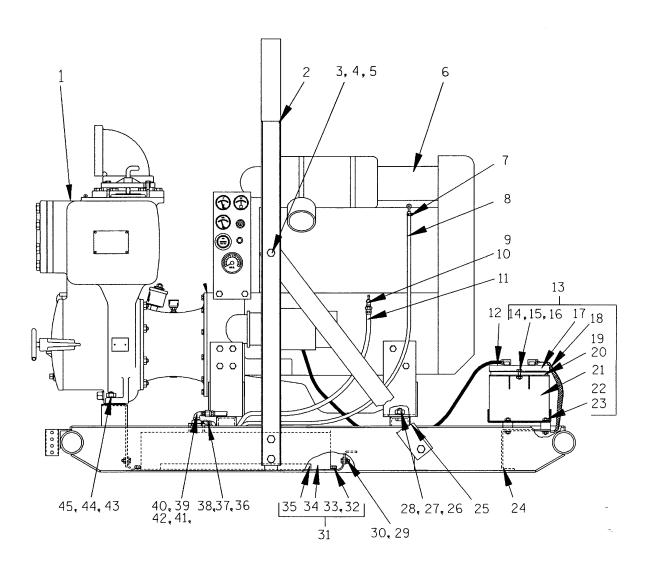


Figure 1. Model 16A2-4239D Pump Assembly

PARTS LIST Pump Model 16A2-4239D

(From S/N 923544 up)

If your pump serial number is followed by an "N", your pump is **NOT** a standard production model. Contact the Gorman-Rupp Company to verify part numbers.

ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MAT'L CODE	QTY	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MAT'L CODE	QTY
1	PUMP END	16A2-(4239D))	1	25	CABLE TIE	27111-228		1
2	HOISTING BAIL	13351-AW	24000	1	26	HEX HD CAPSCREW	B1008	15991	4
3	HEX HD CAPSCREW	B1006	15991	8	27	LOCKWASHER	J10	15991	4
4	LOCKWASHER	J10	15991	8	28	HEX NUT	D10	15991	4
5	HEX NUT	D10	15991	8	29	HEX HD CAPSCREW	B0604		10
6	JOHN DEER 4239D ENG	29224-106		1	30	FLANGED HEX NUT	21765-314		10
7	HOSE CLAMP	26518-642		1	31	FUEL TANK & GRD ASSY	46711-033		1
8	FUEL LINE	31411-089	19360	1	32	-FLAT WASHER	K06	15991	4
9	PIPE NIPPLE	T02	15070	1	33	-FLANGED HEX NUT	21765-314		4
10	REDUCING ELBOW	Q0402	11990	1	34	-FUEL TANK	46711-034	24150	1
11	FUEL LINE ASSY	9072-K		1	35	-GUARD ASSY	42381-017	24150	1
12	POS CABLE ASSY	6926-S	24040	1	36	FUEL RETURN LINE	14294	24030	1
13	BATTERY BOX ASSY	GRP40-08C		1	37	REDUCING ELBOW	Q0402	11990	1
14	-HEX HD CAPSCREW	B0607	15991	2	38	HOSE END SWIVEL	S1669		1
15	-FLAT WASHER	K06	15991	2	39	REDUCING ELBOW	Q0604	11990	1
16	-FLANGED HEX NUT	21765-314		2	40	FUEL OUTLET ASSY	10765	24030	1
17	-LID ASSY	42113-012	24150	1	41	MALE CONNECTOR	S1447		1
18	-GRND CABLE ASSY	47311-064		1	42	CABLE TIE	27111-228		1
19	-12V BATTERY	SEE OPTION	LIST	REF	43	HEX HD CAPSCREW	B1009	15991	2
20	-BATTERY TAG	38818-506		1	44	LOCKWASHER	J10	15991	2
21	-BATTERY BOX ASSY	42431-030	24150	1	45	HEX NUT	D10	15991	2
22	-STUD MOUNT	24631-006		4					
23	-FLANGED HEX NUT	21765-314		8	OPTIO	NAL:			
24	COMBINATION BASE	41566-673	24150	1	*	12V BATTERY	29331-506		1

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

Above Serial Numbers Do Not Apply To Pumps Made In Canada.

CANADIAN SERIAL NO. AND UP

SECTION DRAWING

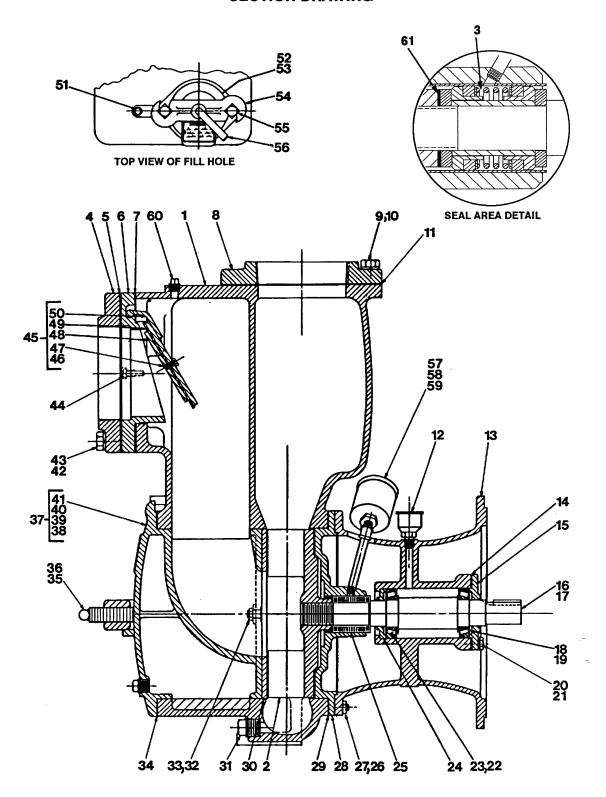


Figure 2. Pump End Assy 16A2-(4239D)

PARTS LIST Pump End Assy 16A2-(4239D)

1 PUMP CASING 7748 10010 1 36 COVER CLAMP BAR 2547 11000 1 2 * IMPELLER 7759-B 11000 1 1 37 BACK COVER ASSY 2613-EV 13990 1 38 SEAL ASSY GS1500 1 38WARNING PLATE 2613-EV 13990 1 39 -COVER PLATE NOT AVAILABLE 1 5 * SUCTION FLANGE 1758 10010 1 40 -DRIVE SCREW BIMP04-03 15990 4 1 1 -DRIVE PLATE NOT AVAILABLE 1 1 -DRIVE PLATE NOT AVAIL	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MAT'L CODE	QTY	ITEM NO.	PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MAT'L CODE	QTY
3 * SEAL ASSY G51500 1 38 -WARNING PLATE 2613-EV 13990 1 4 SUCTION FLANGE 1758 10010 1 39 -COVER PLATE NOT AVAILABLE 1 5 * SUCT FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 40 -DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 1 1 -DRAIN PLUG P08 11990 1 1 41 -DRAIN PLUG P08 11990 1 1 42 -DRAIN PLUG P08 11990 1 1 42 -DRAIN PLUG P08 11990 1 1 42 -DRAIN PLUG P08 11990 1 1 43 LOCKWASHER J12 15991 8 1 44 RD HD MACH SCREW W0404 17090 2 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 48 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 48 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 47 -DRAIN PLUG ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1	PUMP CASING	7748	10010	1	36	COVER CLAMP BAR	2547	11000	1
SUCTION FLANGE 1758 10010 1 39 COVER PLATE NOT AVAILABLE 1	2 *	IMPELLER	7759-B	11000	1	37	BACK COVER ASSY	42111-932		1
5 * SUCT FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 40	3 *	SEAL ASSY	GS1500		1	38	-WARNING PLATE	2613-EV	13990	1
1	4	SUCTION FLANGE	1758	10010	1	39		NOT AVAILA		
6 CHECK VALVE SEAT 7261 10010 1 41 - DRAIN PLUG PO8 11990 1 1 42	5 *	SUCT FLANGE GASKET	1679-G	18000	1	40				
8 DISCHARGE FLANGE 1758 10010 1 43 LOCKWASHER J12 15991 8 10010 1 1 43 LOCKWASHER J12 15991 8	_									
8 DISCHARGE FLANGE 1758 10010 1 43 LUCKWASHER J12 15991 8 15991 8 162 HEX HD CAPSCREW B1208 15991 8 45 CHECK VALVE ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	7 *		7261-G							
9 HEX HD CAPSCREW B1208 15991 8 45 CHECK VALVE ASSY 7265 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	8	DISCHARGE FLANGE	1758	10010						_
10 LOCKWASHER J12 15991 8 11 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 12 INTERM GREASE CUP 13 INTERMEDIATE 13 INTERMEDIATE 13 INTERMEDIATE 13 INTERMEDIATE 13 INTERMEDIATE 13 INTERMEDIATE 14 * BRG ADJ SHIM SET 15 BEARING CAP 15 BEARING CAP 16 * IMPELLER SHAFT 13486 16040 1	9	HEX HD CAPSCREW	B1208	15991		l ''			17090	
11 * DISCH FLANGE GASKET 1679-G 18000 1 47 -LOCKWASHER J04 17090 2 11 INTERM GREASE CUP S35 1 48 -CHECK VALVE WEIGHT 7263 15990 1 1 14 * BRG ADJ SHIM SET 48261-031 1 50 -CHECK VALVE WEIGHT 7262 24000 1 1 15 BEARING CAP 43-X 10010 1 51 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 1 16 * IMPELLER SHAFT 13486 16040 1 52 FILL COVER ASSY 42111-344 1 1 17 * SHAFT KEY N0607 15990 1 53 * FILL COVER CLAMP BAR 38111-004 11000 1 1 19 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 55 MACHINE BOLT A1014 15991 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	10	LOCKWASHER	J12	15991	8	1 '*			17000	
12 INTERM GREASE CUP S35 1 48 -CHECK VALVE WEIGHT 7263 15990 1 13 INTERMEDIATE 36 10010 1 49 * -CHECK VALVE WEIGHT 7263 15990 1 14 * BRG ADJ SHIM SET 48261-031 1 50 -CHECK VALVE WEIGHT 7262 24000 1 15 BEARING CAP 43-X 10010 1 51 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 16 * IMPELLER SHAFT 13486 16040 1 52 FILL COVER ASSY 42111-344 1 17 * SHAFT KEY N0607 15990 1 53 * FILL COVER GSKT 50-G 19210 1 18 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 54 FILL COVER GSKT 50-G 19210 1 19 * BEARING CONE S1087 1 55 MACHINE BOLT A1014 15991 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	11 *	DISCH FLANGE GASKET	1679-G	18000	1					
13 INTERMEDIATE 36 10010 1 49 * -CHECK VALVE GSKT 7264 19070 1 14 * BRG ADJ SHIM SET 48261-031 1 50 -CHECK VALVE WEIGHT 7262 24000 1 16 * IMPELLER SHAFT 13486 16040 1 52 FILL COVER ASSY 42111-344 1 17 * SHAFT KEY N0607 15990 1 53 * FILL COVER GSKT 50-G 19210 1 18 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 54 FILL COVER CLAMP BAR 38111-004 11000 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	12	INTERM GREASE CUP	S35		1	l ''				_
14 * BRG ADJ SHIM SET	13	INTERMEDIATE	36	10010	1					-
15 BEARING CAP 43-X 10010 1 51 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 16 * IMPELLER SHAFT 13486 16040 1 52 FILL COVER ASSY 42111-344 1 17 * SHAFT KEY N0607 15990 1 53 * FILL COVER GSKT 50-G 19210 1 18 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 54 FILL COVER CLAMP BAR 38111-004 11000 1 19 * BEARING CONE S1087 1 55 MACHINE BOLT A1014 15991 2 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	14 *	BRG ADJ SHIM SET	48261-031		1					•
16 * IMPELLER SHAFT 13486 16040 1 52 FILL COVER ASSY 42111-344	15	BEARING CAP	43-X	10010	1					
17 * SHAFT KEY N0607 15990 1 18 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 19 * BEARING CONE S1087 1 20 HEX HD CAPSCREW B0604 15991 4 21 LOCKWASHER J06 15991 4 22 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 23 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 24 BEARING CONE S1087 1 25 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 50-G 19210 1 53 * FILL COVER GSKT 50-G 19210 1 54 FILL COVER CLAMP BAR 38111-004 11000 1 55 MACHINE BOLT A1014 15991 2 56 FILL CVR CLAMP SCREW 31912-009 15000 1 57 HEAVY PIPE NIPPLE THA0416 15070 1 58 PIPE ELBOW AG04 11990 1 59 * SEAL GREASE CUP S1509 1 60 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 61 * IMPELLER SHIM SET 5091 17090 REF NOT SHOWN: PIPE NIPPLE T96 15070 1 PIPE ELBOW R96 11990 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-BJ 1	16 *	IMPELLER SHAFT	13486	16040	1					
19 * BEARING CONE S1087 1	17 *	SHAFT KEY	N0607	15990	1				19210	1
20 HEX HD CAPSCREW B0604 15991 4 21 LOCKWASHER J06 15991 4 22 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 23 * BEARING CONE S1087 1 24 BEARING CLOSURE 44 10010 1 25 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1	18 *	BEARING CUP	S1086		1	54	FILL COVER CLAMP BAR	38111-004	11000	1
20 HEX HD CAPSCREW B0604 15991 4 56 FILL CVR CLAMP SCREW 31912-009 15000 1 21 LOCKWASHER J06 15991 4 57 HEAVY PIPE NIPPLE THA0416 15070 1 22 ** BEARING CUP S1086 1 23 ** BEARING CONE S1087 1 24 BEARING CLOSURE 44 10010 1 25 ** SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 ** CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 ** WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 ** COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1						55	MACHINE BOLT	A1014	15991	2
21 LOCKWASHER J06 15991 4 22 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 23 * BEARING CONE S1087 1 24 BEARING CLOSURE 44 10010 1 25 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 35 HEAVY PIPE NIPPLE THA0416 15070 1 58 PIPE ELBOW AG04 11990 1 59 * SEAL GREASE CUP S1509 1 60 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 61 * IMPELLER SHIM SET 5091 17090 REF 709 NOT SHOWN: PIPE NIPPLE T96 15070 1 PIPE ELBOW R96 11990 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-BJ 1				15991	•	56	FILL CVR CLAMP SCREW	31912-009	15000	1
22 * BEARING CUP S1086 1 58 PIPE ELBOW AG04 11990 1 23 * BEARING CONE S1087 1 60 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 24 BEARING CLOSURE 44 10010 1 60 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 25 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 NAME PLATE 2545 15990 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	J06		4	57	HEAVY PIPE NIPPLE	THA0416	15070	1
23 * BEARING CONE S1087 1 24 BEARING CLOSURE 44 10010 1 25 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 35 * SEAL GREASE CUP S1509 1 60 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 61 * IMPELLER SHIM SET 5091 17090 REF NOT SHOWN: PIPE NIPPLE T96 15070 1 PIPE ELBOW R96 11990 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 SUCTION DECAL 38816-096 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1	22 *		S1086		1	58	PIPE ELBOW	AG04	11990	1
24 BEARING CLOSURE 44 10010 1 25 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 36 PIPE PLUG P04 11990 1 61 * IMPELLER SHIM SET 5091 17090 REF NOT SHOWN: PIPE NIPPLE T96 15070 1 PIPE ELBOW R96 11990 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 SUCTION DECAL 38816-096 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-BJ 1					· ·	59 *				1
25 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 36 * SEAL LINER 7408 14010 REF 61 * IMPELLER SHIM SET 5091 17090 REF NOT SHOWN: PIPE NIPPLE T96 15070 1 PIPE ELBOW R96 11990 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 SUCTION DECAL 38816-096 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-BJ 1				10010					11990	1
26 STUD C0809 15991 8 27 HEX NUT D08 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ	25 *	SEAL LINER	7408	14010	REF	61 *	IMPELLER SHIM SET	5091	17090	REF
27 HEX NUT DO8 15991 8 28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT DO8 15991 2 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 PIPE NIPPLE T96 15070 1 PIPE ELBOW R96 11990 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 SUCTION DECAL 38816-096 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1			C0809	15991	8					
28 SEAL PLATE 11895-A 10010 1 29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 PIPE ELBOW R96 11990 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 SUCTION DECAL 38816-096 1 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1	27	HEX NUT	D08	15991	8	NOTS		T00	45070	
29 * CASING GSKT SET 34-G 18000 1 STRAINER 7823-A 24000 1 30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1	28	SEAL PLATE	11895-A	10010	1					
30 * WEAR PLATE 2545 15990 1 NAME PLATE 38818-023 13990 1 31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1	29 *	CASING GSKT SET	34-G	18000	1	1				
31 CASING DRAIN PLUG P16 11990 1 DRIVE SCREW BM#04-03 15990 4 32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1	30 *	WEAR PLATE	2545	15990	1					-
32 HEX NUT D08 15991 2 WARNING DECAL 38816-096 1 33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1										
33 LOCKWASHER J08 15991 2 SUCTION DECAL 6588-AG 1 34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1										-
34 * COVER GSKT 7668-G 20000 1 DISCHARGE DECAL 6588-BJ 1										
	34 *	COVER GSKT	7668-G	20000	1					1
			2536		-					1

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

SECTION DRAWING

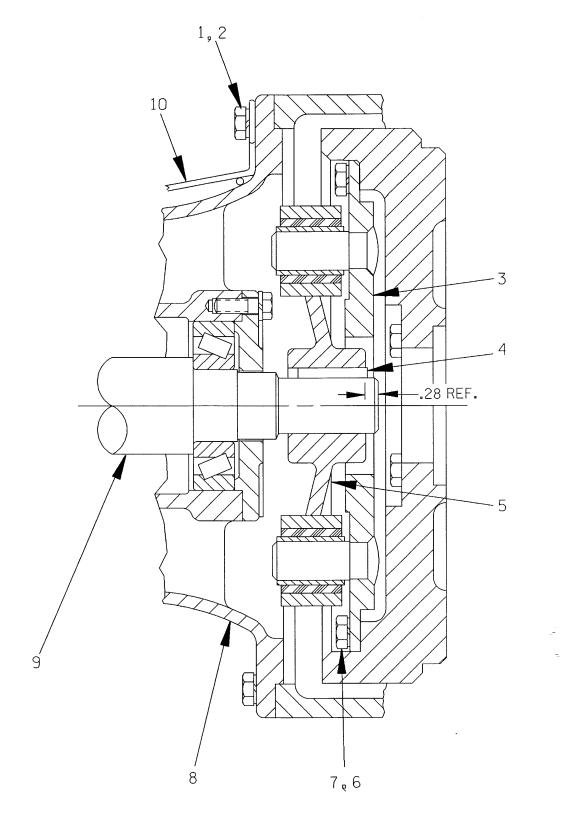


Figure 3. Drive Assembly For 16A2-4239D

PARTS LIST Drive Assembly For 16A2-4239D

ITEM NO.		PART NAME	PART NUMBER	MAT'L CODE	QTY
1		HEX HD CAPSCREW	B0605		12
2		LOCKWASHER	J 06		12
3		DRIVE PLATE ASSEMBLY	12320	15990	1
		-DRIVE PIN	13819	15030	2
4	*	SHAFT KEY	N0607	15990	REF
5		DRIVE ARM ASSEMBLY	13817-C		1
	*	-DYNA FLEX JOINT	\$2110		2
6		HEX HD CAPSCREW	B0604		8
7		LOCKWASHER	J06		8
8		INTERMEDIATE	36	10010	REF
9	*	IMPELLER SHAFT	13486	16040	REF
10		INTERMEDIATE GUARD	42381-031	24150	2

^{*} INDICATES PARTS RECOMMENDED FOR STOCK

PUMP AND SEAL DISASSEMBLY AND REASSEMBLY

Review all warnings in Section A.

Follow the instructions on all tags, label and decals attached to the pump.

This pump requires little service due to its rugged, minimum-maintenance design. However, if it becomes necessary to inspect or replace the wearing parts, follow these instructions which are keyed to the sectional views (see Figures 1, 2, and 3) and the accompanying parts lists.

Most service functions, such as wear plate, impeller, and seal replacement, may be performed by draining the pump and removing the back cover assembly. However, the following instructions assume complete disassembly is required.

Before attempting to service the pump, switch off the engine ignition and remove the key to ensure that it will remain inoperative. Close all valves in the suction and discharge lines.

For engine disassembly and repair, consult the literature supplied with the engine, or contact your local Deutz engine representative.



BEFORE ATTEMPTING TO OPEN OR SERVICE THE PUMP:

- 1. FAMILIARIZE YOURSELF WITH THIS MANUAL.
- 2. SWITCH OFF THE ENGINE IGNITION AND REMOVE THE KEY TO ENSURE THAT THE PUMP WILL REMAIN INOPERATIVE.
- 3. ALLOW THE PUMP TO COOL IF OVER-HEATED.
- 4. CHECK THE TEMPERATURE BEFORE OPENING ANY COVERS, PLATES, OR PLUGS.
- 5. CLOSE THE SUCTION AND DISCHARGE VALVES.
- 6. VENT THE PUMP SLOWLY AND CAUTIOUSLY.
- 7. DRAIN THE PUMP.



USE LIFTING AND MOVING EQUIPMENT IN GOOD REPAIR AND WITH ADEQUATE CAPACITY TO PREVENT INJURIES TO PERSONNEL OR DAMAGE TO EQUIPMENT. THE BAIL IS INTENDED FOR USE IN LIFTING THE PUMP ASSEMBLY ONLY. SUCTION AND DISCHARGE HOSES AND PIPING MUST BE REMOVED FROM THE PUMP BEFORE LIFTING.

Back Cover Removal

(Figure 2)

Before attempting to service the pump, remove the pump casing drain plug (31) and drain the pump. Clean and reinstall the drain plug. The wear plate (30) and check valve (45) are easily accessible and may be serviced by removing the back cover assembly (37).

Remove the cover clamp screw (35) and clamp bar (36) securing the back cover . Pull the back cover and assembled wear plate from the pump casing (1). Inspect the back cover gasket (34) and replace it if damaged or worn.

Inspect the wear plate and replace it if badly scored and worn. To remove the wear plate, disengage the hardware (32 and 33).

Suction Check Valve Removal

(Figure 2)

The check valve assembly (45) may be serviced by removing the suction flange (4). To remove the flange, disengage the hardware (42 and 43) and separate the suction flange from the check valve seat (6). Remove the machine screws (44) and pull the seat and assembled check valve from the suction port. Pull the check valve out of the seat.

Inspect the check valve components for wear or damage. If replacement is required, disengage the hardware (46 and 47) and separate the valve weights (48 and 50) and gasket (49).

Replace the flange gaskets (5 and 7) as required.

Pump Casing Removal

(Figure 1)

To service the impeller or seal assembly, disconnect the suction and discharge piping. Remove the hardware (43,44, and 45) securing the casing to the base (24).

(Figure 2)

Remove the nuts (27) securing the pump casing to the seal plate (28) and intermediate (13). Install a standard 5/8-11 UNC lifting eye in the tapped hole in the top of the pump casing. **Be sure** to screw the eye into the casing until fully engaged. Use a hoist and sling of suitable capacity to separate the casing from the seal plate and intermediate.



DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LIFT THE COMPLETE PUMP UNIT USING THE LIFTING EYE. IT IS DESIGNED TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OR INSTALLATION OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS ONLY. ADDITIONAL WEIGHT MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE PUMP OR FAILURE OF THE EYE BOLT.

Remove any leveling shims used under the casing mounting feet. Tie and tag the shims for ease of reassembly.

Impeller Removal

(Figure 2)

Before removing the impeller, turn the cross arm on the automatic lubricating grease cup (59) clockwise until it rests against the cover (see Figure 5). This will prevent the grease from escaping when the impeller is removed.

To loosen the impeller (2), tap the vanes in counterclockwise direction (when facing the impeller) with a block of wood or soft-faced mallet. **Be careful** not to damage the impeller. When the impeller breaks loose, unscrew it from the shaft. Use caution when removing the impeller; tension on the shaft seal spring will be released as the impeller is unscrewed. Inspect the impeller and replace if cracked or badly worn. Slide the impeller adjusting shims (61) off the impeller shaft (16). Tie and tag the shims or measure and record their thickness for ease of reassembly.

Seal Removal and Disassembly

(Figure 2)

To remove the seal assembly (3), remove the grease cup and piping (57, 58 and 59), and slide the seal plate (28) and seal parts off the shaft as a single unit. **Be careful** not to drop or damage any seal parts.

Carefully remove the stationary and rotating seal elements, packing rings, seal spring, and shaft sleeve from the seal plate.

NOTE

The seal assembly may be removed without completely disassembling the pump by removing the impeller though the back cover opening and using a stiff wire with a hooked end to pull the seal parts out of the seal plate.

Inspect the seal liner (25) for wear or grooves which could cause leakage or damage to the seal packing rings. The seal liner is a press fit in the seal plate (28), and does not normally require replacement. If replacement is necessary, see **Seal Installation**.

If no further disassembly is required, refer to **Seal Reassembly And Installation**.

Separating Intermediate And Drive Assembly From engine

(Figure 3)

If it is necessary to separate the intermediate and drive assemblies from the engine, support the intermediate using a hoist and sling, and remove the hardware (1 and 2) securing the intermediate (8) to the engine bellhousing. Separate the assemblies by pulling the intermediate straight away from the engine.

As the assemblies are separated, the drive pins will disengage from the drive arm assembly (5). The drive arm assembly and the impeller shaft key (4) are a tight press fit on the shaft (9), and will remain on the shaft.

It is not necessary to remove the drive plate assembly (3) from the engine flywheel unless the drive pins are bent or wom and must be replaced. To remove the drive plate assembly, disengage the hardware (6 and 7) and remove the drive plate.

The drive pins are secured into the drive plate by a tight press fit and peening. To remove the pins, drill through from the peened end and drive the pins out using a drift pin.

Use a bearing puller to remove the drive arm assembly from the impeller shaft. Remove the shaft key.

Inspect the dyna flex joints and replace them if worn. The dyna flex joints are a press fit in the drive arm.

Shaft and Bearing Removal and Disassembly (Figure 2)

When the pump is properly operated and maintained, the bearing housing should not require disassembly. Disassemble the shaft and bearings **only** when there is evidence of wear or damage.



SHAFT AND BEARING DISASSEMBLY IN THE FIELD IS NOT RECOMMENDED. THESE OPERATIONS SHOULD BE PERFORMED ONLY IN A PROPERLY-EQUIPPED SHOP BY QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

Disengage the hardware (20 and 21), and remove the bearing cap (15) and shims (14). Tie and tag the bearing shims, or measure and record their thickness for ease of reassembly.

Place a block of wood against the impeller end of the shaft (16), and tap the shaft and assembled bearings from the intermediate. **Be careful** not to damage the shaft.

NOTE

There are no provisions for draining the grease from the intermediate cavity. Place a drip pan under the intermediate before removing the shaft and bearings. Remove the outboard bearing cup (18) from the bearing cone (19).

Place the intermediate on a level surface with the drive sise down, and press the bearing closure (24) and inboard bearing cup (22) from the intermediate bore.

After removing the shaft and bearings, clean and inspect the bearings **in place** as follows.



TO PREVENT DAMAGE DURING REMOVAL FROM THE SHAFT, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT BEARINGS BE CLEANED AND INSPECTED IN PLACE. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT THE BEARINGS BE REPLACED ANY TIME THE SHAFT AND BEARINGS ARE REMOVED.

Clean the intermediate, shaft and all component parts (except the bearings) with a soft cloth soaked in cleaning solvent. Inspect the parts for wear or damage and replace as necessary.



MOST CLEANING SOLVENTS ARE TOXIC AND FLAMMABLE. USE THEM ONLY IN A WELL-VENTILATED AREA FREE FROM EXCESSIVE HEAT, SPARKS, AND FLAME. READ AND FOLLOW ALL PRECAUTIONS PRINTED ON SOLVENT CONTAINERS.

Clean the bearings thoroughly in **fresh** cleaning solvent. Dry the bearings with filtered compressed air and coat with light oil.



BEARINGS MUST BE KEPT FREE OF ALL DIRT AND FOREIGN MATERIAL. FAILURE TO DO SO WILL GREATLY SHORTEN BEARING LIFE. DO NOT SPIN DRY BEARINGS. THIS MAY SCRATCH THE ROLLERS OR RACES, AND CAUSE PREMATURE BEARING FAILURE.

Rotate the bearings by hand to check for roughness or binding and inspect the bearing rollers. If rotation

is rough or the rollers are discolored, replace the bearings.

The bearing tolerances provide a tight press fit onto the shaft and a snug slip fit into the bearing housing. Replace the bearing cups or cones, the shaft, or intermediate if the proper bearing fit is not achieved.

If bearing replacement is required, use a bearing puller to remove the inboard and outboard bearing cones (19 and 23) from the shaft.

Shaft and Bearing Reassembly and Installation (Figure 2)

Inspect the shaft for distortion, nicks or scratches, or for thread damage on the impeller end. Dress small nicks and burrs with a fine file or emery cloth. Replace the shaft if defective.

Clean and inspect the bearings as indicated in **Shaft And Bearing Removal And Disassembly**.



TO PREVENT DAMAGE DURING REMOVAL FROM THE SHAFT, IT IS RECOMMENDED THAT BEARINGS BE CLEANED AND INSPECTED IN PLACE. IT IS STRONGLY RECOMMENDED THAT THE BEARINGS BE REPLACED ANY TIME THE SHAFT AND BEARINGS ARE REMOVED.

The bearings may be heated to ease installation. An induction heater, hot oil bath, electric oven, or hot plate may be used to heat the bearings. Bearings should **never** be heated with a direct flame or directly on a hot plate.

NOTE

If a hot oil bath is used to heat the bearings, both the oil and the container must be **absolutely** clean. If the oil has been previously used, it must be **thoroughly** filtered.

Heat the bearings to a uniform temperature **no higher than** 250° F (120° C), and slide the inboard and outboard bearing cones onto the shaft with the high side of the tepered roller bearings toward the lubrication cavity. This should be done quickly, in one

continuous motion, to prevent the bearings from cooling and sticking on the shaft.

After the bearing cones have been installed and allowed to cool, check to ensure that they have not moved away from the shaft shoulders in shrinking. If movement has occurred, use a suitable sized sleeve and a press to reposition the bearings against the shaft shoulders.

If heating the bearings is not practical, use a suitable sized sleeve, and an arbor (or hydraulic) press to install the bearing cones on the shaft.



WHEN INSTALLING THE BEARINGS ONTO THE SHAFT, **NEVER** PRESS OR HIT AGAINST THE ROLLERS OR ROLL CAGE. PRESS **ONLY** ON THE INNER RACE.

Pack the bearing cups and cones with No. 0 lithium base grease.

Press the bearing closure (24) and inboard bearing cup (22) into the intermediate until seated squarely against the intermediate shoulder.



WHEN INSTALLING THE BEARING CUPS INTO THE BEARING BORE, PUSH AGAINST THE OUTER RACE. **NEVER** HIT THE ROLLERS OR ROLL CAGE.

Slide the shaft and assembled bearing cones into the intermediate bore until the inboard bearing cone (23) fully engages the inboard bearing cup. Press the outboard bearing cup (18) over the outboard bearing cone (19).

Install the same thickness of bearing adjusting shims (14) as previously remove, and secure them with the bearing cap (15) and hardware (20 and 21).

NOTE

Shaft endplay should be between .003 and .005 inch (0,08mm to 0,13mm). Add or remove bearing shims to establish the correct endplay.

Lubricate the bearings as indicated in LUBRICA-TION at the end of this section.

Securing Intermediate And Drive Assembly To Engine

(Figure 3)

If the drive pins were removed from the drive plate assembly (3), install the new pins by pressing them into the drive plate and peening the ends. Secure the drive plate assembly to the engine flywheel with the hardware (6 and 7).

If the dyna flex joints were removed from the drive arm assembly, lubricate the O.D. of the replacement dyna flex joints with a fine film of rubber lubricant (Parker-O-Lube or equivalent), and press them into the drive arm until centered.

Install the impeller shaft key (4) and press the drive arm assembly (5) onto the impeller shaft.



MAKE CERTAIN THAT THE DRIVE PLATE AND DRIVE ARM ASSEMBLIES ARE MOUNTED IN ACCORDANCE WITH THE DIMENSION SHOWN IN FIGURE 3. THIS DIMENSION IS CRITICAL. IF THE DRIVE ARM ASSEMBLY IS NOT PROPERLY POSITIONED ON THE SHAFT, A PRELOAD CONDITION CAN CAUSE PREMATURE BEARING FAILURE.

THE END OF THE SHAFT MUST EXTEND COM-PLETELY THROUGH THE DRIVE ARM AND PRO-TRUDE APPROXIMATELY 9/32 OF AN INCH (7,1 MM). THIS WILL ALLOW A CLEARANCE OF AP-PROXIMATELY 3/32 INCH (2,4 MM) BETWEEN THE DRIVE ARM ASSEMBLY AND THE DRIVE PLATE AF-TER THE INTERMEDIATE IS INSTALLED ON THE ENGINE BELLHOUSING.

Seal Reassembly and Installation

(Figures 2 and 4)

Clean the seal cavity and shaft with a cloth soaked in fresh cleaning solvent.



MOST CLEANING SOLVENTS ARE TOXIC AND FLAMMABLE. USE THEM ONLY IN A WELL-VENTILATED AREA FREE FROM EXCESSIVE HEAT, SPARKS, AND FLAME. READ AND FOLLOW ALL PRECAUTIONS PRINTED ON SOLVENT CONTAINERS.

The seal is not normally reused because wear patterns on the finished faces cannot be realigned during reassembly. This could result in premature failure. If necessary to reuse an old seal in an emergency, **carefully** wash all metallic parts in fresh cleaning solvent and allow to dry thoroughly.

Handle the seal parts with extreme care to prevent damage. Be careful not to contaminate precision finished faces; even fingerprints on the faces can shorten seal life. If necessary, clean the faces with a non-oil based solvent and a clean, lint-free tissue. Wipe **lightly** in a concentric pattern to avoid scratching the faces.

Inspect the seal components for wear, scoring, grooves, and other damage that might cause leakage. Clean and polish the seal spacer sleeve, or replace it if there are nicks or cuts on either end. If any components are worn, replace the complete seal; never mix old and new seal parts.

If a replacement seal is being used, remove it from the container and inspect the precision finished faces to ensure that they are free of any foreign matter.

To ease installation of the seal, lubricate the packing rings and seal liner with water or a very **small** amount of oil, and apply a drop of light lubricating oil on the finished faces. Assemble the seal as follows, (see Figure 4).

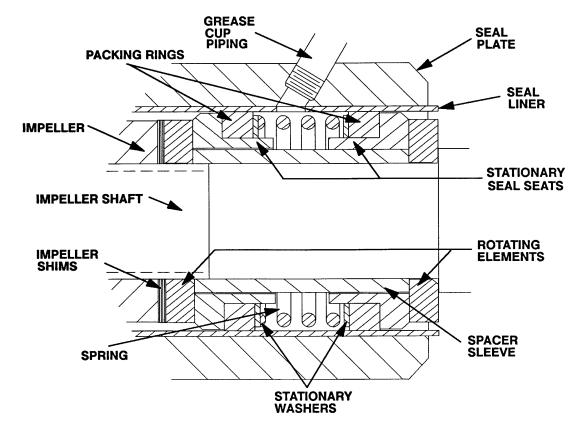


Figure 4. GS1500 Seal Assembly



THIS SEAL IS NOT DESIGNED FOR OPERATION AT TEMPERATURES ABOVE 110° F (43,3° C). DO NOT USE AT HIGHER OPERATING TEMPERATURES.

Inspect the seal plate, the seal liner, and the impeller shaft for burrs or sharp comers, and remove any that exist. Replace the seal liner (25) if wear or grooves exist which could cause leakage or damage to the seal packing rings. To replace the seal liner, position the seal plate (28) on the bed of an arbor (or hydraulic) press, and use a new sleeve to force the old one out After the new liner is properly installed, a 1/4 inch diameter hole must be drilled through it to permit the flow of lubricant to the seal assembly. Be careful to center the drill in the threaded grease pipe hole and not damage the threads. Deburr the hole from the inside of the seal liner after drilling.

Slide the seal plate onto the shaft until fully seated against the intermediate. Align the threaded seal lubricant hole with the intermediate opening, and temporarily secure the seal plate to the intermediate

with two capscrews and nuts (1/2 UNC by 1 1/2 inch long, not supplied).

Slide the inboard rotating element onto the shaft with the chamfered side facing the shaft shoulder.

Subassemble the inboard stationary seat, packing ring and spring washer, and press this subassembly into the lubricated seal liner. A push tube cut from a length of plastic pipe would aid this installation. The O.D. of the pipe should be approximately the same as the O.D. of the seal spring.

Install the spacer sleeve and spring. Subassemble the outboard stationary seat, packing ring and spring washer, and press this subassembly into the lubricated seal liner.

Install the outboard rotating element with the chamfered side facing the impeller.

Reinstall the automatic grease cup and piping (57, 58 and 59).

Lubricate the seal as indicated in LUBRICATION, after the impeller has been installed.

Impeller Installation And Adjustment

(Figure 2)

Inspect the impeller, and replace it if cracked or badly wom.



THE SHAFT AND IMPELLER THREADS MUST BE COMPLETELY CLEAN BEFORE REINSTALLING THE IMPELLER. EVEN THE SLIGHTEST AMOUNT OF DIRT ON THE THREADS CAN CAUSE THE IMPELLER TO SEIZE TO THE SHAFT, MAKING FUTURE REMOVAL DIFFICULT OR IMPOSSIBLE WITHOUT DAMAGE TO THE IMPELLER OR SHAFT.

Install the same thickness of impeller adjusting shims as previously removed, and screw the impeller onto the shaft until tight.

NOTE

At the slightest sign of binding, **Immediately** back the impeller off, and check the threads for dirt. **Do not** try to force the impeller onto the shaft.

A clearance of .020 to .040 inch (0,51mm to 1,0mm) between the impeller and the seal plate is necessary for maximum pump efficiency. Measure this clearance, and add or remove impeller adjusting shims as required.

Remove the two capscrews temporarily holding the seal plate, and install the same thickness of casing gaskets (29) as previously removed. Use the lifting device to position the pump casing over the impeller, and secure the seal plate and pump casing to the intermediate with the nuts (27). **Do not** fully tighten the nuts until the impeller face clearance has been set.

A clearance of .010 to .020 inch (0,25mm to 0,51mm) between the impeller and the wear plate is also recommended for maximum pump efficiency. This clearance must be set after installing the back cover, by adding or removing gaskets in the pump casing gasket set (29) until the impeller binds against the wear plate when the shaft is turned. After the impeller

binds, add approximately.015 inch (0,4mm)of gaskets.

NOTE

An alternate method of adjusting this clearance is to reach through the discharge port with a feeler gauge and measure the gap. Add or subtract pump casing gaskets accordingly.

(Figure 1)

Install any leveling shims used under the casing mounting feet, and secure the casing to the base with the hardware (43, 44 and 45).

If a lifting eye was used to move the pump casing, **be sure** to remove the lifting eye from the pump casing.



DO NOT ATTEMPT TO LIFT THE COMPLETE PUMP UNIT USING THE LIFTING EYE. IT IS DESIGNED TO FACILITATE REMOVAL OR INSTALLATION OF INDIVIDUAL COMPONENTS ONLY. ADDITIONAL WEIGHT MAY RESULT IN DAMAGE TO THE PUMP OR FAILURE OF THE EYE BOLT.

Install the discharge elbow and nipple. Reinstall the fill cover plate (52) and gasket (53) after the pump is completely reassembled and primed.

Suction Check Valve Installation

(Figure 2)

Inspect the check valve components, and replace the parts as required. Subassemble the check valve gasket (49) and weights (48 and 50). Position the assembled check valve in the mounting slot in the seat.

Replace the seat gasket (7) and secure the check valve and seat to the pump casing with the round head machine screws (44).

Replace the suction flange gasket (5) and secure the suction flange to the check valve seat and upmp casing with the hardware (42 and 43).

Back Cover Installation

(Figure 2)

If the wear plate (30) was removed for replacement, carefully center it on the back cover and secure it with the hardware (32 and 33). The wear plate must be concentric to prevent binding when the back cover is installed.

Clean any scale or debris from the contacting surfaces in the pump casing that might interfere or prevent a good seal with the back cover. Replace the back cover gasket (34) and slide the back cover assembly into the pump casing. Be sure the wear plate does not bind against the impeller.

NOTE

To ease future disassembly, apply a film of grease or 'Never-Seez' on the back cover shoulder, or any surface which contacts the pump casing. This action will reduce rust and scale build-up.

Secure the back cover assembly by installing the clamp bar (36), and tightening the cover clamp screw (35). **Do not** over-tighten the clamp screw; it

should be just tight enough to ensure a good seal at the back cover shoulder.

Final Pump Assembly

(Figure 1)

Be sure the pump is secured to the base and engine.

Install the suction and discharge lines and open all valves. Make certain that all piping connections are tight, properly supported and secure.

Be sure the pump end and engine have been properly lubricated, see **LUBRICATION**.

Fill the pump casing with clean liquid. Reinstall the fill cover plate and tighten it.

Refer to **OPERATION**, Section C, and start the pump.

LUBRICATION

Seal Assembly

(Figure 2)

Fill the grease cup (59) through the grease fitting with No. 2 lithium base grease until grease escapes from the relief hole. Turn the grease cup arm counterclockwise until it is at the top of the stem; this will release the spring to apply grease to the seal (see Figure 5).

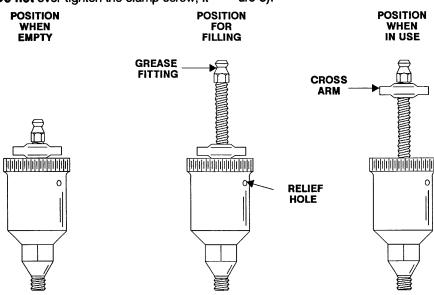


Figure 5. Automatic Lubricating Grease Cup

Bearings

(Figure 2)

The intermediate was fully lubricated when shipped from the factory. Under normal conditions, turn the cap on the grease cup three complete turns to add grease to the intermediate after each 250 hours of operation (or once each month, whichever comes first). **Do not** over-lubricate. Over-lubrication can cause the bearings to over-heat, resulting in premature bearing failure. When the grease cup is empty, refill it with No. 0 lithium base grease.



IF GREASE IS FORCED OUT AROUND THE SHAFT AS NEW GREASE IS ADDED, THE BEARING CAVITY IS FULL AND SHOULD BE DISASSEMBLED AND CLEANED IMMEDIATELY.

There are no provisions in the bearing cavity to drain or flush the lubricant. The pump and intermediate must be disassembled to completely clean and maintain this cavity. Under normal conditions, change the grease after each 5000 hours of operation, or at 12 month intervals, whichever comes first. Change the grease more frequently if the pump is operated continuously or installed in an environment where variable hot and cold temperatures are common.

When lubricating a dry (overhauled) intermediate, fill the cavity through the grease cup with approximately one-sixth of a pound (0,076 kg) of grease (approximately one-third full).

For cold weather operation, consult the factory or a lubricant supplier for the recommended grade of lubricant.

Bearings

Engine

Consult the literature supplied with the power source, or contact your local John Deere engine representative.

THE GORMAN-RUPP COMPANY AND GORMAN-RUPP OF CANADA LIMITED 12 MONTH LIMITED WARRANTY

EXTENT AND DURATION OF WARRANTY

Coverage: The Gorman-Rupp Company or Gorman-Rupp of Canada Limited (herein individually referred to as "GR") each individually warrant that its products and parts shall be free from defects in material and workmanship for twelve (12) months from the date of purchase by the original end user.

Exceptions: This Limited Warranty shall not apply to the following products and parts: engines, motors, trade accessories and other products, components or materials not manufactured by GR. With respect to submersible pumps, the pump and motor are an integral unit and are therefore warranted as a unit. However, with respect to the electrical components in submersible pumps, this warranty is valid **only** when electrical controls for the pump have been specified and/or provided by GR. Wear and tear on any product resulting from normal use is not covered by this Limited Warranty.

LIMITATIONS

GR'S SOLE AND EXCLUSIVE WARRANTY WITH RESPECT TO ITS PRODUCTS AND PARTS IS THIS LIMITED WARRANTY. THIS LIMITED WARRANTY IS IN LIEU OF ALL OTHER EXPRESS AND/OR IMPLIED WARRANTIES, INCLUDING IMPLIED WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY AND FITNESS FOR PARTICULAR PURPOSE.

EXCLUSIVE REMEDY AND DAMAGES

The sole and exclusive remedy for breach of this Limited Warranty by GR, and the entire extent of its liability for such breach or for damages arising and/or resulting from the use of the products and parts covered by this Limited Warranty shall be as follows:

1. Repair or replacement: If inspection shows that any GR product or part covered under this LimitedWarranty is defective in materials or workmanship, GR shall repair or replace the defective product or part at its option, without charge. You must have properly installed, maintained and used the product or part claimed to be defective in accordance with the maintenance schedule and/or manual which comes with the product. No allowance will be made for labor, transportation or other charges incurred by you in connection with such repair or replacement.

2. To obtain the above remedy:

- a) Immediately notify GR at the address below of the claimed defect in materials or workmanship and provide the serial number or date code of the product and/or part and provide a copy of the invoice or bill of sale referencing the product and/or part by no later than the expiration date of the Limited Warranty period.
- b) GR will advise whether inspection of the product and/or part will be necessary and whether and how repair or replacement will be effected. If inspection by GR is necessary, the product or part must be sent freight prepaid to GR at the address stated below. Return shipment of the repaired product or part will be F.O.B. the address stated below.
- 3. Damages: GR's liability for damages for breach of this Limited Warranty shall not exceed the amount of the purchase price of the product or part in respect to which damages are claimed. IN NO EVENT SHALL GR BE LIABLE FOR INCIDENTAL, CONSEQUENTIAL OR SPECIAL DAMAGES FOR BREACH OF THIS LIMITED WARRANTY OTHER THAN AS STATED HEREIN.

Some states do not allow the exclusion or limitation of incidental or consequential damages. Accordingly, the above may not apply to you. This Limited Warranty gives you specific legal rights, and you may also have other rights which vary from state to state and province to province.

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